

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

VOL. 2--NO. 176.

MAYSVILLE, KY., FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1883.

PRICE ONE CENT.

RAILROAD TYRANNY.

One Hundred Thousand People
Made Poor by a Railroad
Monopoly.

How the New York Central Has De-
populated Winchester County, N.
Y.—Property of Less Value Than It
was Fifty Years Ago.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Mr. D. O. Bradley
is the President of the Tarrytown National
Bank and has represented Westchester
County two terms in the Legislature. He
talks out plainly about the Vanderbilts
monopoly, the New York Central Rail-
road.

"Under the Sloan management before the
Vanderbilts came in, the cost of travel from
Dobbs Ferry to Chambers street, New York,
was \$60 a year, it is now \$120 to Forty-
second street, and there the commuter is re-
moved \$60 a year from the business part of
the metropolis, making the cost three times
what it was before the Vanderbilts laid
their avaricious grasp on the road. Be-
sides, the form of the commutation is very
offensive. It is a book, allows of no stop-
page between stations, can be used only
by the person to whom it is issued, expires
in ninety days, and is rigidly forfeited at
the expiration of the time under all circum-
stances. There have been cases in which
persons have been taken sick after using
the books for one or two rides, and the com-
pany have absolutely refused any relief.
In one case a man died leaving a wife and
several children without money. They had
an unexpired book containing a large number
of unused tickets, and the road refused
to redeem it. There are no school tickets
whatever issued. Children going from in-
termittent stations to school are subjected
to the annoyance and difficulty of buying
single trip tickets at full rate fares. There is
not another railroad in the United States
doing a suburban business which does not
give some accommodation to school chil-
dren. The way Vanderbilt acts in the
matter is a perfect outrage on the public
school system. Furthermore, it is perhaps
the only road in the country which does
not furnish excursion tickets, compelling
passengers to pay full fare both ways, even
if they go and return the same day. Its
equipment is perfectly miserable. Many
of the cars on the local trains are furnished
with side seats, and the few double seats
which they contain are so narrow that no
two adult persons can be seated in them.
The windows are so adjusted that they
cannot be raised above three inches.
To put decent cars on the road would
increase their weight about 500 pounds
each, and the policy of the management is
to reduce the dead weight of the local
trains as a matter of economy in fuel to the
lowest possible point. It has succeeded at
the expense and discomfort of the people
who patronize the road. The rate of bag-
gage delivery is forty cents a trunk. Prior
to the Vanderbilt management it was
twenty-five cents. Only one express com-
pany is permitted to enter the cars or the
depot and pays fifteen cents for each trunk
for the enjoyment of this monopoly. All
the depots, or most of them, have been
built at the expense of the localities. The
trains all cross the highways on the same
grade, which makes the locomotives more
dangerous to the life and limbs of a chance
pedestrian than if a tiger was let loose in
the public streets. There are no guards.
Recently some preparation has been
made to have wooden arm-
drops at the crossings, and this has
been forced out of Mr. Vanderbilt by
the mulching in heavy damages by petit
juries in cases of those killed or injured
by the trains. The effect upon Winchester
county is that it has either stood still or
absolutely retrograded. The towns of
Greenburg, embracing the five most beau-
tiful villages in the world; Tarrytown,
North Tarrytown, Irvington, Dobbs Ferry
and Hastings, instead of any gain at all
has absolutely lost 20 per cent. of its pop-
ulation. The same is true of all the farm-
ing towns in the county. The fruit and
vegetable traffic has been entirely de-
stroyed. The price of transporting milk
has been increased from 15 to 45 cents a
can. It was shown in a legislative com-
mittee of which I was a member that the
profit of a single milk train arriving in
the Grand Central depot shortly after midnight has averaged
\$2,000 a day for several years. The result
is that the records show that the aggregate
value of the lands of this county are not
marketably worth as much as they were
fifty years ago before a single railroad was
put through the county. Good farms have
been sold within the past few years at prices
ranging from \$30 to \$50 an acre, which
would not begin to pay for the improve-
ments, such as fences, wells, barns, and
dwellings on them. We have hardly more
than two classes of inhabitants left—the
millionaires, such as Jay Gould, Cyrus
Field, Henry Villard, John T. Terry, and J.
J. McComb, to whom it is a perfect matter
of indifference what the road does or omits
to do, and the servants that wait on them.
The great conservative middle classes have
all been or are being driven over to New
Jersey."

THE GOOD QUEEN VIC.

Is She Drifting Into Insanity?—Will
She Abdicate—She Feels the Pres-
ence of Her Dead Prince at Bal-
moral!

LONDON, June 13.—The fits of mental-
pression reported about Queen Victoria
raises the question in some minds whether
she may not share the fate in a measure,
of her royal grandfather, George III, who it
will be remembered, became a confirmed
lunatic long before his death. The Queen
is not without some of the qualities that
distinguished that sovereign, obstinacy
being one of them, though her aims have

been in a somewhat different direction.
She has not sought to be an absolute ruler,
but she has been firm for the royal preroga-
tives that came to her, and has, no doubt,
felt intensely over some of the "gov-
ernments" she has been forced to accept,
the present one in particular. She has
done about all that was possible to ag-
grandize her numerous family, but it is
plain that the loss of her husband came
about as near wrecking her as was possible
and yet escape, with the full result still
undetermined. Her cranky attachment
to her flunkies servitors, John Brown,
is a marked instance of want of
true balance. While being both an
active sovereign and a devoted mother,
she has allowed cares to press upon
her which a less aggressive nature
would have readily thrown aside.
But in most respects her reign has been so
exceptionally creditable that the clouding
of her intellect now, in the decline of life
would awake far more sympathy than in
the case of her grandfather, who had only a
moderate share of negative virtues to
emphasize his memory as a monarch. She
came to the throne as a joyous maiden of
seventeen, admired and petted; and now
to sink into the hopeless night of insanity
would be a tragedy which both her people
and the world would look upon with a
shudder.

A representative of one of the prominent
European powers says that a very serious
event is impending in England, which is
the abdication of the Queen. The reasons
given for this unexpected course are Her
Majesty's fast-failing health and increas-
ing unwillingness and sometimes an in-
ability on her part to perform the duties in-
cident to government. For some years the
Queen has been a mild believer in Spiritual-
ism. She thought the spirit of her
dead husband used to assist her
in working out the questions
which perplexed and sometimes an-
noyed her. Since the death of her favorite
servant, John Brown, she has been very
much depressed, and finally it was neces-
sary to remove her to Balmoral, where
some of her happiest days were spent with
the lover and husband of her youth. It is
said that some very pathetic scenes
took place at her last visit there. She
seemed to feel the actual presence of her
dead Prince, and talked as though he were
by her side. This and other occurrences
frightened and alarmed her daughter Beatrice
very greatly, and she insisted that some
of the other members of the family should
come down at once. The life of Princess
Beatrice must be something dreary beyond
words. The information was telegraphed
from London by the ambassador of a great
power to his sovereign on Wednesday last,
that the abdication of the Queen of England
was impending, and would probably occur
very soon. The Queen has clung to the
visible endowments of the throne with such
tenacity that she must have greatly changed
before the thought was bearable. But the
breakdown of her health has been followed
by melancholia of the most pronounced
type. It seems not to be generally known
that the trouble with the Queen's knee
comes from a large ulcer of a scrofulous
and cancerous nature that has formed under
the knee-joint, and in spite of all that
can be done, is eating its way through
muscle and nerve to the bone, and her condition
is very serious indeed.

A GOOD INDIAN POLICY.

Secretary Teller is Determined to
Supply the Aborigines With Cattle.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Secretary Teller
in conversation, said, Monday:

"It is my intention to expend money in
purchasing stock cattle for the Indians
whenever I can."

"I don't expect to get any large amounts,
but my purpose is to save every dollar I can
from the various appropriations for the
Indians and expend it for cattle. In
some instances we have been able
to persuade the Indians that it
will be to their benefit to have
cattle to herd, and in order to make savings
with which to make the purchases, their
supply of luxuries, such as sugar and tobacco,
will be decreased. Of course this is
but a beginning. We cannot cut off any
of their supply of meat, and should we run
short the equivalent of what is expended
for cattle would be available at any time,
as we could turn the cattle themselves into
supplies."

As an illustration of the wisdom of this
policy Secretary Teller referred to the fol-
lowing statistics, compiled from the records
of the department:—In 1869 the Navajo Indians
of New Mexico had about one thousand
sheep and goats. In November of
that year the government furnished them
with 14,000 sheep and 1,000 goats, at a cost
of thirty thousand dollars. The report of
their agent shows that this number has increased
to 900,000 sheep and 200,000 goats. In 1881 the agent reported the wool clip at
1,000,000 pounds and that 200,000 pounds
had been manufactured into blankets. These
Indians, numbering 16,000 by means of this
small outlay, in thirteen years have become
self-supporting.

TWO WEEKS IN A TRANCE.

READING, June 14.—The case of Miss Annie C. Chain, who has been lying in what
is supposed to be a trance for the past two weeks is exciting considerable interest in
the borough of Womelsdorf, a few miles
from this city. The young lady is about
22 years of age, is quite pretty and is a
member of a highly respected family. Up
to Sunday afternoon, June 8, she was in
apparently excellent health and spirits.
She suddenly complained of giddiness, and
went to her room, where she dropped into
a swoon. From that day to this she has
not spoken or taken any nourishment. All
efforts to revive her have been in vain. An
electric battery was applied without any
success. She lies perfectly still, and is ap-
parently unconscious of everything that is
about her. During the eleven days of her
strange affliction she has considerably
faded away in flesh. Her pulse is very
weak, and occasionally the extremities are

THE BLOODY SEQUEL.

Young Nutt Avenges His Father's
Death and Sister's Ruin.

Dukes Is Dead at Uniontown in the
Same Hotel in Which He Killed
Nutt's Father.

UNIONTOWN, PA., June 14.—Lyman Nicholas Dukes, the man who boasted of seducing
Captain Nutt's daughter, who then killed
the father who sought revenge or
honorable marriage, is himself slain, and
now lies lifeless in the same room in the
hotel in which the tragedy of December 24
was enacted. The slayer this time is
James Nutt, Captain Nutt's eldest son, who
is now in jail. The news of the second
awful tragedy came upon the community
like a thunder clap.

It was the work of but an instant. Just
as dusk was drawing on last evening
and many people were passing along
the streets, the sound of five pistol
shots rang out upon the air in the
direction of the postoffice. In a moment
every one was running to the scene, and
the word quickly flashed from mouth to
mouth and ear to ear that Dukes was dead.
The excited crowd gathered around the
postoffice, and there on the floor lay the
inanimate body of the man whose deeds had
cast a shadow over the whole of Fayette
county. The work was done so quickly
and so dazzling was its effect upon those
who witnessed it that it was difficult for a
time to obtain the story.

Officers Frank Pegg, George B. Hutchinson,
Alf. Collins, and others who saw the
occurrence describe it as follows: James
Nutt was standing against a post inside of
a room that joins the postoffice, and fronts
on Main street. The room was, until
 lately, occupied by a drug store, and
the front was all taken out, it being now
fitted up as an office for the First National
Bank. While in this position Dukes came
down the street from the direction of the
Jennings Hotel, walking briskly, with a cane under his arm. Just
as he turned the corner toward the post-
office door young Nutt stepped down to the
outside, and, as the hands of the clock
pointed five minutes past 8, he pulled a re-
volver and fired two shots in rapid suc-
cession. Dukes looked around and started to
run into the postoffice door, whereupon
Nutt fired again, and followed in
close pursuit. Just as Dukes
got inside of the postoffice his
assailant raised his arm again and two
more shots sounded on the ears of the by-
standers. As they entered the body of
Dukes he fell heavily to the floor upon his
face. In an instant E. A. Lingo rushed
into the office and stooped down to pick
him up. Dukes tried to say something,
but could only gasp, and in a moment he
was dead. By this time Officer Pegg
reached young Nutt and laid his hand upon
his arm. The latter struggled fiercely to
free himself, but when he discovered it
was an officer he quietly yielded and was
taken to the jail. Dukes' body was re-
moved to his room at the hotel, where Cor-
oner Sturgeon impaled a jury, consisting
of A. J. Gilmore, foreman, and Wm. H.
Miller, Dr. L. S. Gadus, W. L. Robinson,
Geo. C. Marshall and John N. Dawson. No
testimony was taken, owing to the difficulty
of getting witnesses, and the inquest
was adjourned until to-day at 9 o'clock.

Dukes had been frequently warned to
leave Uniontown, but he persistently refus-
ed. His friends had often advised him to
seek another home, and his answer was always
that he would either live in Union-
town or be a corpse in the cemetery. As
far back as last December young Nutt had
been threatened to have Duke's life, and the
latter had always avoided him. Dukes did not see Nutt until they were
side by side, when Nutt quickly
drew a revolver and fired, the first
shot taking effect in the side. Dukes
started to run for the purpose of seeking
shelter, when Nutt fired a second shot, and
Dukes fell in the doorway of the postoffice.
Young Nutt followed him up, and put two
more bullets in the prostrate body, one
passing through the neck, and the other
lodging in the back. The shooting created
intense excitement, but at 11 o'clock last
night everything was quiet.

Young Nutt is not quite twenty years of
age, and has always been considered quiet
and inoffensive. It is said, however, that
he has been practicing with a revolver for
some time past.

The murder which led to the last tragedy
of night is still fresh in the minds of all.
Dukes, who was engaged to Miss Lizzie
Nutt, had written infamous letters to her
father, Captain J. C. Nutt, questioning
her chastity, and Captain Nutt, upon invitation
of Dukes, had gone to the latter's room in the hotel on
December 24 to settle the affair quietly,
when Dukes shot and killed him. The
murder created intense excitement, and
Dukes was arrested, tried, and acquitted.
His release created great indignation, and
threats on his life were heard on all sides,
but no attempt was made to carry them
out, and it was generally believed he
would be allowed to remain unmolested.

THE ASHLAND AFFAIR.

How the Prisoners Take the News of
Burnett's Detective Work.

LEXINGTON, June 14.—Going to the jail
this morning to see Neal and Craft, a cor-
respondent found the former sitting in a
doorway of the jail yard reading an ac-
count of Alf Burnett's capture of a negro
accused of a crime for which Neal was
once sentenced to death. Hesaid Craft had
read the paper, and he was discovered sitting
on a box just outside the cell he
and Neal occupy. His first reply to
congratulations was an expression of thanks
to God for what he declared he had always
been expecting to clear innocent men. Be-

ing joined by Neal and a number of other
visitors, conversion became general.

As the pair stood in the whitewashed
corridor, with feet shackled, but hands free,
talking to others, your correspondent had
an excellent chance to observe them. The
stoicisms they have contrived to maintain
in even more trying scenes was relaxed.
Though a forced calmness was still ap-
parent, their trembling lips, the ani-
mated motion of their heads, and move-
ments of their hands, while both stood up
and moved upon their feet, all showed they
did not feel the indifference they pretended.
Craft's replies to questions fired at him by
curious visitors were as follows: "I always
said so. I always had a clean
heart. I don't know any of these men. I
always thought that some day or other the
right ones would be caught. I always
lived in good hope. I always knew
I was innocent of that crime, and they
might as well take a little child and
hang it as me. I am not surprised, for
I have been looking for it, living in
hopes, and trusting in the Lord for
the truth to come out. I knew they had
me for something I know nothing about.
They have called me everything they could
in the papers, but I have always had a
clean heart. I don't know this detective
Burnett—but have heard a lot of names
connected with the case. All the informa-
tion I had is what I saw in the news-
papers."

Neal declared: "No man that knows
me can say anything against me. Me and
that man—pointing to Craft—worked two
days at a time to keep men from losing
money. For men to use us that way is the
most ridiculous thing in the world."

There is a great diversity of opinion
here in the public mind as to the value of
the work done by Detective Burnett. Some
regard it as a mere dodge of the defense to
gain time; others holding that it is a good
case of detective work, from small begin-
nings, and that Burnett would not be likely
to hazard his reputation without good
grounds to proceed upon. All arguments
on this question commonly end in the ad-
mitted declaration that "time will tell."
Some of the colored people declare they
knew all along the Ashland murder would
be "laid on a nigger." With this senti-
ment on his lips a colored prisoner in jail
was going to assault Craft this morning.

A KENTUCKY FEUD ENDED.

Six of the Menied Bandits Sent to the
Penitentiary for Life.

MT. STERLING, June 14.—The most re-
markable case in the annals of Kentucky
crime is the Barnett case which has just
been tried here. It is obscure in its begin-
ning, intricate in its progress, wonderful
in its events, and awful in its denouement.
The details of the various crimes which
make the history of this trial of John L.
Barnett so startling and so
awful have been frequently published.

At 11 o'clock yesterday morning John
Barnett, by his attorneys, came into court
and withdrew his plea of not guilty of
the murder of Vaughan Helton. In order to
show the enormity of the crime the prosecu-
tion introduced Mrs. Susan Helton as a
witness. Mrs. Helton came in. She is a
large, handsome woman, with coal black
eyes, black hair, rosy cheeks, and full
bust. She gave a detailed account of the
killing of her husband, Vaughan Helton,
on May 12, in such a manner as to carry conviction with it, and cause
the cheeks of every man to blanch with the
horrible recital of the crime of her brother,
who led a band of conspirators to kill her
husband.

The jury found him guilty and sentenced
him to life imprisonment. Then the cases
of the confederates, John Craft, Sol Be-
craft, Elliott Watkins, John Gibbs, and
Newton Yarber, were called and disposed
of by the same jury without further evi-
dence or eloquence. The jury was out ten
minutes to sentence these men to the peni-
tentiary for life.

A Significant Marriage.

PARIS, June 14.—The marriage of Beatrice
Rothschild to M. Maurice Ephrussi
produced a tremendous sensation in Paris,
and the accounts of the various splendors
of the occasion of the illustrious guests,
of the incredible wealth and beauty of
presents, and the plutocratic marvels of the
allied families, quite equal the stories of
the Czar's Coronation.

The Ephrussis are in Western Europe, and
the union is more significant and important
than the weddings of half a dozen
royalties. The Jewish temple on the Rue
de la Victoire was besieged by over 2,000
guests in wedding attire, provided with
cards of invitation to witness the religious
ceremony of the marriage of Maurice
Ephrussi, the banker, whose racing colors
are well-known on the French turf, to
Mlle. Beatrice Rothschild, daughter of
Boron Alphonse. The synagogue was
splendidly decorated with crimson and gold
drapery in oriental profusion, rare
exotics, plants and flowers. The bride is
eighteen years of age, in figure petite and
of a transparent complexion.

Boron Rothschild gave his daughter
\$300,000 to buy furniture with and \$5,000
a month to keep house. During the ten
days preceding the wedding the bride
received over 1,100 letters from destitute
young ladies, asking alms, and there was
no one but received an answer.

Japan Receives \$785,000 From Us
With Thanks.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—The Department
of State has been apprised by Judge Bing-
ham, United States Minister at Tokio, of
the delivery to the Government of Japan
of the treasury draft for \$785,000, the
amount of the indemnity fund returned to
that Government by the United States. In
accepting this sum the Minister for Foreign
Affairs of Japan expresses in the most cord

THE DAILY BULLETIN.

FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 15, 1883.



TERMS:—The EVENING BULLETIN is published daily, and served free of postage at 6 cents per week; 25 cents per month; 75 cents per three months; \$1.50 per six months, and \$3 per year, payable in advance.

OUR AGENTS.—The following persons are the authorized agents for the DAILY BULLETIN at the places named. Contracts for subscription or advertising may be made with them:

SARDIS—P. W. Sult.
SHANNON—Wm. Clary.
MT. GILEAD—S. H. Higgins.
LEWISBURG—W. T. Berry.
MINERVA—W. H. Hawes.
MT. OLIVER—Peter Myers.
HELENA—R. M. Harrison.
MAYSVILLE—J. A. Jackson.
ORANGEBURG—R. P. Tolton.
TUCKAHOE—W. L. Holton.
SLACK'S P. O.—M. V. Moran.
ELIZAVILLE—W. H. Stebbins.
GERALDTON—Rigdon & Bro.
FARROW'S STORE—S. T. Farrow.
MT. CARMEL—T. A. Henderson.
FERN LEAF—Harry Burgoine.
MURPHYSVILLE—W. T. Tomlin.
FORMAN'S SPRINGS—J. M. Hawley.
WASHINGTON—Miss Anna Thomas.
JOHNSON JUNCTION—Scruggs & Bro.
HILLSBORO—Rev. W. H. Barksdale.

5,742

The above number represents the circulation each week of the DAILY and WEEKLY BULLETIN. Advertisers are invited to call and assure themselves of the truth of the statement, and they are requested to bear in mind that our rates for advertising are the lowest.

THE Carlisle Mercury says: The sermon delivered by Rev. H. M. Scudder to pupils of the Garth Female College, of Paris, is spoken of as being a very able one indeed.

SAYS the Carlisle Mercury: There can be no sort of doubt but that Dr. Gould, Prof. Bristow and Secretary Corrington have made a serious mistake and placed themselves in an ugly attitude before the public.

THE slaying of N. L. Dukes at Uniontown, Pa., by the son of the man he had murdered and the brother of the woman he had dishonored, was a righteous deed and whatever the law may do Nutt will be justified by public opinion.

A TELEGRAM from Dallas, Texas, reports that the cattle drive thus far this season "exceeds all expectations." Over 200,000 have already passed over the trail that goes through, which does not include more than half the number that will be driven from the State.

Compliment to Judge Phister.

Vanceburg Courier.

Hon. A. E. Cole, Circuit Judge being unable to attend our Court on account of sickness, Judge E. C. Phister was called by the unanimous voice of the bar to occupy the bench as special judge.

The bar of Lewis county prepared and signed the following call, which evinced their high personal appreciation of Judge Phister as their great confidence in his ability as a judge:

VANCEBURG, KY., June 9, 1883.

Hon. E. C. Phister, Maysville, Ky.—Dear Sir: The members of the Lewis county bar request you to act as special judge in place of Hon. A. E. Cole, who, we understand, is sick and unable to attend the trial of the cause of our Circuit Court. Respectfully,

A. W. Eaton, A. D. Neal.
Alfred Harrison, T. B. Bullock.
Socrates Hobbrook, Geo. M. Thomas,
W. C. Halbert, A. H. Parker,
S. J. Pugh, Geo. T. Haibert,
Wm. S. Rand, W. L. Fiten,
J. R. Garand, V. H. Perkins,
E. H. Fiten.

This action upon the part of the bar is a well deserved compliment to Judge Phister, who, after four years of faithful and valuable service in Congress, has again assumed the practice of his profession.

A Millersburg Explanation of the Outrage Upon Rev. Elisha Green.

Millersburg Correspondent Carlisle Mercury.

Last Friday while on his way to Woodford, Prof. Bristow, of the Female College gave a colored Baptist preacher—one Elisha Green—a muscular lecture on the subject of politeness, and a large collection of sympathetic brethren—John G. Craddock among the number—have taken the thing under advisement and think they had better fill all the land with lamentations dire. The facts in the case are about as follows: Dr. Gould, Prof. Bristow and Joe Corrington were en route to Versailles with several of the young ladies, intending to give one of their unique entertainments. When they entered the car at Millersburg some of the young ladies could not find seats. Prof. Bristow asked "Bro." Green to get up, but he refused. Dr. Gould then requested him, but even his eloquence failed. The conductor was appealed to, but could offer no assistance. While holding the pure cussedness of revelish-agreen and the "intowwardness" of conductor Martin, Prof. Bristow became enraged and struck the revelishagreen with a hand-satchel. He would have struck him twice more, but was prevented. A buckle on the satchel struck revelishagreen's thumb and made it bleed and revelishagreen spread the blood from his thumb upon his face and made believe that he was forever "squashed." All of that bosh about J. W. Corrington attempting to draw a pistol is a lie cut from the whole cloth. The three gentlemen, so it is said, will be arrested for insisting upon women being respected, but that it will amount to anything no one believes.

A WHISKER dye must be convenient to use, easy to apply, impossible to rub off, elegant in appearance, and cheap in price. Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers unites in itself all of these merits. Try it.

ABERDEEN ITEMS.

To be polite you must always pay attention to your elders' wholesome advice.

George Eul's has re-opened a meat store on Main street. Report says his meat is of superior quality. Aberdeen is well supplied in the meat line.

They say when people become so inflated with themselves, that their glory is short-lived, as the inflation soon evaporates into minute nothingness.

Rumors says the belles and beaux are talking about organizing a dramatic club. Between musical clubs and dramatical clubs our town will soon become quite renowned.

Master Emery Edgington is the faithful and active carrier of the Commercial-Gazette and Enquirer. All orders for these papers given him will be promptly delivered at any address named.

Miss Lillie Cheeseman arrived on the Morn-ing Mail Saturday, accompanied by her hand-some brother, Joe, who is an exceptional young man for his natural politeness of manners. They had a most delightful visit at Clifton.

Mr. Carey Beasley was seen last Sunday out riding, accompanied by his lady-love, whose musical laugh fell on our ear like rippling water. We were convinced it was Mr. Carey Beasley and not Miss Carrie who could occasion such a merry laugh.

We are informed by a most reliable citizen that we only have patience to wait, that the Aberdeen pike will soon be lined with street lights, making it the center of attraction. There is nothing like advertising works with a rapidity that equals electrical sparks.

The DAILY BULLETIN is almost vieing with the Cincinnati Enquirer in its rapidity of increasing circulation. It's general news of the day and is a valuable source of information. The BULLETIN carrier is saying there is a break-necked speed for that little, but inexhaustible BULLETIN.

A true gentleman is unmistakable, he has sufficient self respect never to lower himself in his own estimation by any act or word which would be demeaning and deprive him from the appellation of a gentleman. He is always respectful in ladies' company and uses refined language.

When married gentlemen go off on a lark it is not surprising they succeed so well in palming themselves off as single gentlemen, when they can so readily adopt all the captivating manners of the single gentleman. When such deception is practiced they are blamable for such contemptible actions.

It is surprising how many dark eyed people there are in this town, and yet there are varieties of dark-eyed types with various shades of color. There are the mimic black eyes and the snake-like, glittering black eyes and last, but not least, the deeply, darkly, beautifully black eyes. So you see we have more than one dark-eyed gentleman in Aberdeen. There is too much rivalry here for any show of supremacy.

Friday morning the pectorial party composed of a number of our prominent ladies and gentlemen presented a lively appearance in their buggies, equipped with fishing poles and everything necessary to capture the cunning fish. The young ladies in their light costumes were as pretty as the refreshing rosebuds sparkling with dew. They returned at 10 p.m., the buggies being so laden with fish that it interfered with their speedful progress.

In a sleepy little village not a hundred miles from Maysville there happened to be two reporters, one a vivacious blonde, her eyes heaven's own azure, the other was a brown-haired dark-eyed. And his lordship's feathers were dappled with envy when this lovely blonde stepped in the field of journalism, and with the flashing of steel was ready for a race in the fight of opposition of this monopoly of reporter. And because she won the race with her steel point by wounding the vanity of the black-eyed reporter, he forgot his chivalry, and is still parading those wounds to the public, only proving how deep he was cut, when it takes so long for those wounds to heal.

Setting Tobacco Plants.

The following is extracted from an address delivered some time ago before the Baldwin's (N. Y.) Tobacco Growers Club, by Mr. Tobin, a man of protracted experience in the culture and handling of tobacco. It is timely and will prove of value to planters in general.

Now, then, as I have spent more time with phosphates than I expected to, and as there are several important questions to be debated by the club, I will condense the balance of my essay as much as possible. We will consider the tobacco ground in first-class order, rendered so by good manure—no phosphates, as we are bound to have this crop burn—your plants all ready to set by the fifteenth day of June. Any time between that and the first day of July is a good time to set. I have known good crops to be raised set on the tenth day of July. Last year some farmers set as late as the 20th, but that is entirely too late. Plants should be set after a rain, when the ground is damp. If by grub or other causes your plants are destroyed, I think it best to select the strongest plants from your bed and replace them at once, putting the ground in order with water, and nursing them if they need it until they take root. In this way your field will be more uniform. If you wait for rain, the plants first set will have so much start that your field is apt to look uneven. After your plants get a good start, and before the grass and weeds take root, or make their appearance, go through your tobacco with a cultivator, follow it up with hoes and loosen the earth around the plants. Do this as often as possible—the oftener the better—as long as you can get through with your horse and cultivator without injuring your tobacco by breaking or bruising it.

Watch early for worms and suckers. Be vigilant in your efforts to find them. Make up your mind that every worm you find and destroy is worth five cents to you, and try to see how much you can earn a day finding them. Never let a sucker grow over four inches long for after that they begin to draw nourishment from the plant. Follow this up day after day. If you can not keep busy, go through again with your hoe. At the same time keep looking for worms and suckers. Never let your plants run up to buds and blossom before topping. If you do, the buds and blossoms will draw the nourishment from the plants and prevent them from spreading, as they will if you top them before they bud. In the meantime, and all the while, look for worms and suckers.

Never cut your tobacco before it is ripe, because it will cure down thin and salty, and will not contain substance enough to stand the manipulation which the trade subject tobacco to nowadays. Besides, you will not have the weight, hence you will not realize as much money for your crop. When you are sure your tobacco is ripe, get your sheds and wagons ready. You can always tell when it is fit to cut, as small blotsches begin to make their appearance.

A WHISKER dye must be convenient to use, easy to apply, impossible to rub off, elegant in appearance, and cheap in price. Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers unites in itself all of these merits. Try it.

TIME TABLE

Of the Kentucky Central Railroad.

(Time table in effect May 20, 1883.)

STATIONS.	10	12	11	9
STATIONS.	Ex.	Ac.	Ex.	Ex.
Lvs. Maysville	A. M. P. M.	10 12 20	Lvs. Lex'ton	A. M. P. M.
" Sum'ntn	6 13 12 22	10 12 20	" Covington	9 10
" Clark's	6 17 12 24	10 12 20	Lvs. Cov'ton	9 10
Mars'ln	6 23 12 53	10 12 20	" P. J. n'g	9 35
" Helena	6 35 1 105	10 12 20	" Mil'b'g.	7 08
" John'n	6 48 1 13	10 12 20	" Carlisle	7 30
" Eliz'le	6 48 1 20	10 12 20	" Meyers	7 45
Ewing	6 58 1 25	10 12 20	" P. Val'y	7 51
Cowan	6 58 1 30	10 12 20	" Cowan	8 01
" P. Val'y	7 08 1 38	10 12 20	" Ewing	8 05
" Clark's	7 15 1 45	10 12 20	" Ewing	8 11
" Mars'ln	7 30 2 00	10 12 20	" John'n	8 17
" Helena	8 25 2 18	10 12 20	" Helena	8 25
" Mill'b'g.	8 37 2 25	10 12 20	" Mars'ln	7 28
" P. J. n'g	8 42 2 30	10 12 20	" Clark's	7 30
Arr. Paris...	8 15 2 40	10 12 20	" Sum'ntn	8 47
Arr. Lex'ton	9 10 3 45	10 12 20	Arr. Maysville	7 50
Arr. Cov'ton	11 30 6 00	10 12 20	Arr. Maysville	7 50
				A. M. P. M.

Plans and Specifications furnished and all work promptly and satisfactorily done.

Shop on Second street, opposite High school, apidly MAYSVILLE, KY.

G. M. WILLIAMS.

Contractor and Builder.

Plans and Specifications furnished and

all work promptly and satisfactorily done.

Shop on Second street, opposite High school, apidly MAYSVILLE, KY.

GEO. H. HEISER.

—Dealer in—

GROCERIES.

Pineapple Hams. Home-made Yeast Cakes.

may30dly SECOND STREET.

G. S. JUDD.

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Real Estate and Collecting Agency.

Court St., (ap12dly) MAYSVILLE, KY.

GEO COX & SON.

—Dealers in Staple and Fancy—

DRY GOODS,

SECOND STREET.

mch31ly MAYSVILLE, KY.

HOLT RICHESON,

—Dealer in Staple and Fancy—

GROCERIES,

has REMOVED from his old stand to the

building on Second street lately occupied by Charles H. Frank.

apidly MAYSVILLE, KY.

HUNT & DOYLE,

—Every new shade in—

DRESS GOODS,

Crushed Strawberry, Electric Blue, Egyptian

etc., and new Trimmings to match.

Second St., mch31ly MAYSVILLE, KY.

J. C. OWENS & CO.

This space has been reserved for their ad-

vertisement.

LOOK OUT FOR IT.

JOHN WHEELER,

DAILY FISH Market.

River, Lake and salt water fish. Prices re-

duced this day to 8 and 10 cents a pound.

Market street, a18 MAYSVILLE,

THE DAILY BULLETIN.

FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 15, 1883.



THE water works are put aside,
The fish-poles laid away
And Brother Barbour wears a smile
For he has won the day.
He vowed he'd have the sparrows out,
And we the notion scouted,
But, lo! behold! by strategy
The feathered ranks are routed.

THE break in the water main on Lime-stone street, above Fourth, is being repaired.

MR. W. H. JACOBS, otherwise known as Tip Jacobs, and formerly of this city, died at Cincinnati, on Thursday evening.

MR. ALEX. STEWART, a well known farmer of Brown county, Ohio, died on Thursday at the Otto farm, above Aberdeen.

REV. A. N. GILBERT will preach at Washington next Sunday afternoon at four o'clock, sharp. The subject will be "The New Birth."

THE body of Benny Dawson, who was drowned a few days ago, at Cincinnati, was recovered and brought to Maysville last Thursday evening for interment.

THE roofs of the Court House and Clerk's Office have been covered with a coat of Armstrong's Elastic Roof Paint, which is said to be the best article for that purpose in the market.

A HORNED owl that measured five feet and two inches from the end of one wing to the other, was killed on Mill Creek a few days ago by Mr. John Dwire. It was a very fine specimen of this rare bird.

MR. M. C. HUTCHINS has been officially notified of his appointment as postmaster of Maysville. The office is to be removed to the room on Court street, in the State National Bank, formerly occupied by Frank R. Phister.

THE Southern Presbyterians will worship next Sunday in the Baptist Church, morning and evening, services conducted by Rev. S. H. Chester. Subject for morning: "Spiritual Worship vs. Ritualism." Subject for evening: "One thing thou Lackest."

THE Maysville Artificial Ice and Refrigerator Company, composed of some of our leading business men, has been incorporated. The company has ordered a six-ton Pictet machine, and expects to begin operations immediately. The notice of incorporation is printed elsewhere.

REV. A. N. GILBERT will preach at the Christian Church, Sunday morning, on "The Reasonableness of Faith in Christ." The subject of his Sunday night lecture will be: "Sins of the Tongue," embracing profanity, recounting improper stories, railing, slander, bitter fault-finding, &c. You are invited.

THERE will be a meeting of Sunday School Superintendents held in the M. E. Church, south, in this city, on Friday, June 22, at 10 o'clock a. m., to take some steps to advance the interest of Sunday Schools in the county. All the Sunday School Superintendents and pastors of the different churches in the county are invited to be present.

THE examination of our public schools take place at the Washington Opera House, commencing Monday, June 18th, in the following order:

District No. 2, Monday, 18—Josiah Wilson, Principal.
District No. 1, Tuesday, 19—H. C. Smith, Principal.

District No. 3, Wednesday 19—B. F. Williams, Principal.

High School, Thursday, 19—W. W. Richardson, Principal.

On the occasion of the meeting at Frankfort, next Sunday of the Lexington District Association of the colored Baptist Church, a special train will leave this city at 7 o'clock, a. m., and will stop at all stations on the road. The fare will be \$2.50 from this city, Marshall and Helena; \$2.00 from Johnson's Junction; \$1.50 from Carlisle; \$1.25 from Millersburg and Paris, and \$1.00 from Lexington.

PERSONALS.

Miss Lucy Knight was buried at Elizaville on Thursday.

Miss Emma Trout, of this city, is visiting friends at Ripley.

Mrs. Edward Glenn, of Ironton, O., is visiting friends in this city.

Mr. Thomas F. Donovan, of the Clark County Democrat is in the city.

Dr. Allan, and Dr. Pell, of Tilton are the guests of Mr. Louis Stine, of East Maysville.

Mr. G. S. Judd and family, who have been visiting friends in Wisconsin, are at home again.

Mrs. John Taylor and daughter, of West Union, O., are visiting the family of Mr. E. Martin.

Miss Sallie Trout, of Covington, who has been visiting friends in this city, returned home Thursday.

Mr. Walter Brooks and family and Miss Fannie Blatterman, will arrive in a few days from Denver, Colorado.

Statement of the Rev. Elisha Green.

The Rev. Elisha Green, pastor of the colored Baptist Church, of this city, who was assaulted and brutally beaten on a train at Millersburg, on the 8th inst., at the request of the BULLETIN has made the following statement of the affair:

On Friday, the 8th day of June, having occasion to go to Paris, where I have a charge in connection with the Maysville church, I bought a ticket to that place and occupied a seat on one of the cars of the 12:30 p. m., train to Millersburg. At that place a man, whom I have never seen before, G. T. Gould, of the Female Institute, at Millersburg, with several other men and a number of young ladies, came into the car and for several minutes were busy seating themselves. I paid no particular attention to them, as there were vacant seats enough for all and presently all were seated except two men, one of whom was a colored man, who took the seat immediately behind me and offered it to them, but one of the teachers, Prof. Britton, said, "no, I don't want your seat, I'll make this nigger get up," and with that he siezed me by the collar and said "Come out of here," and at the same time Dr. Gould caught me by the arm and told me to get out of the car. I told him and didn't intend to be driven out, but it looks like I had no notice that it was wanted, and would have given it up if I had been asked politely, and if there had no other seats in the car I should have offered it to them. I try to be polite on all occasions and I do not think any person in this city or town will ever say that have been intentionally impudent to any one.

When I told Prof. Britton that I did not intend to be driven out of my seat into the aisle and into the second seat ahead of me and struck me three or four times over the head with a vase, while Dr. Gould, and I think some other person, held me. At this point Dr. Mowry and some other gentlemen from the Convention of Mr. Martin interfered and saved me from further injury.

There was one cut on the top of my head and cuts on two of my fingers. At Paris on the following Monday I procured warrants against the man who had assailed me on the charge of assault and battery and I shall be present at the proper time to present my case against them in the Circuit Court.

The Rev. Elisha Green is sixty-five years of age and has been a minister of the Gospel for thirty-nine years, all of that time pastor of the Maysville colored Baptist Church, and since 1855 has also had charge of the church at Paris. He is a quiet and unobtrusive man and is esteemed and respected not only by his own race, but also by the white population of Maysville. He was injured several years ago in a railroad accident and has since been a cripple.

COUNTY POINTS.

WASHINGTON.

Dr. James Metcalfe and family, of Robinson, Texas, are visiting the family of Mr. Geo. Ward, sr.

Misses Lillie and Lizzie Rhodes visited Mrs. Morford, of Shannon, and attended the Sardis last week.

T. W. Parry's school closed last Friday. He left for Lebanon, Ohio, on Monday, where he expects to attend the Normal school during the summer months.

Mrs. Dr. Barnes of Orangeburg, accompanied by Mrs. W. L. Dickerson, of Mt. Sterling, are the guests of Mrs. Robert Barnes.

Mrs. Amanda Ward and daughter, Miss Mollie, are visiting friends at Georgetown, Ky.

SHANNON.

Nearly all of our farmers have finished setting tobacco.

Hogs and cattle are scarce in this vicinity, and command good prices.

Miss Florence Gault is in town this week enlivening us very much with the latest of music.

Col. McPherson has disposed of his fine saddle mare, price not known.

Messrs. Cole & Co., are disposing of their stock of goods at greatly reduced prices.

Mr. John Strode was duly elected trustee for the ensuing term in School District, No. 4. C. C. Cole is introducing the improved Jackson clothes washer with most extraordinary success. It is said to be the only successful washer ever put on the market. Nearly every body orders it.

Messrs. W. and B. Watson have been very busy for the past two weeks receiving their purchase of tobacco at prices ranging from \$6 to \$15 per hundred.

MILLWOOD.

Harvest will be here soon, but will not be heavy. There will be a splendid hay harvest if the weather permits of its being saved.

Born, June 8th, to the wife of John Willlett, a son.

T. L. Best is attending the tobacco sales at Cincinnati this week. He has prized and shipped a large quantity and has plenty of it to do yet.

W. O. Cord and wife accompanied by J. W. Boulware and wife, will start to Nicholas county on a visit Saturday and will take in the Lower Blue Licks while absent.

Thos. Caywood and John Case, of Centreville, passed through our village Wednesday. They state that the crops are looking splendid in that neighborhood.

Mrs. Mary Wallingford, nee Goodman, was married Tuesday evening to Mr. Foxworth, of Mt. Carmel. Presents few but elegant.

Prof. Turner, of North Middletown, filled the pulpit at Millcreek last Sunday.

Miss Bettie King and Will, Cord returned from North Middletown College last week.

Miss Kate Holland returned to her home at Lexington Saturday, leaving several smitten swains to bemoan her departure.

SARDIS.

Mr. Ed. Pyles, after doing a very tasteful job of painting on the parlor of Judge Dye's home, "My Maryland," Mr. Marcus of Georgetown, did the plastering.

The Fete Champetre for the benefit of the Southern Methodist parsonage was a success. Good music, much courting and receipts liberal.

"To the Battle Ground," is the name of the beautiful poem recently composed by Rev. Thomas Hanford, descriptive of his walk from Sardis to the Blue Lick Springs, and his reflections on the famous Battle Ground where—

"Nature had gone to riot in a density of shade,
Building avenues and arches, where her mystic dead were laid."

Rumor hath it that both of our churches of the order of the Methodists, soon will have to look out for new organists. It is said for us to part with these lovely young musicians, but we are reminded they are—

"The happiest of the kind
Whom gentle stars unite, and in one fate,
Their hearts, their future and their beings
blend."

Dr. Linville, of Olivet, is a regular visitor to our vicinity. He is a young gentleman of agreeable address, and if we mistake not—

"Sweet is the music of the step,
That meets him at the door,"

It is mighty hard for him to pass that walnut and oak door without casting a "longing, lingering look," to see if it is closed, or occupied!

Uncle Wat. Sult's family of two hundred chickens are recovering from an attack of cholera. It is a long visit to see how the old gentleman manages his various broods.

"The sweetest girl east of Sundown" as she is popularly known, is again to be seen at the window of Bellaire Cottage. One of her many admirers, who has sought her often and found her not: "says she is like the Huma, Ayer's Sarsaparilla will dislodge it and expel it from your system.

HER IRISH PAUPERS.

England is Shipping Them to Our Shores.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Seven hundred and sixty Irish emigrants have arrived in this port on the British steamship Belgravia. They are an installment of many thousands of Irish poor whom the English Government intend to ship to this country. Each emigrant, large and small, received £5 from the English Government, of which £3 1s. went to pay for the passage over, which leaves them £1 6s. or \$6 50 each to begin life in this country, for few have any money of their own.

Half of them are children. About 20 per cent. are men capable of working. Some of them are eighty years old. They were poorly clad. The majority speak the Irish language only, or possess a few words of English. This is the largest batch of emigrants ever brought from one section of Ireland in the steerage of a single steamship.

In a few days another cargo of British Government-assisted emigrants are expected to arrive from Galway. It is said that the British Government has made contracts with the principal transatlantic steamship lines for transporting thousands of emigrants to this country. They are said to be principally Irish peasants, who are starving at home. The subject was discussed at the Irish American Convention held last April at Philadelphia, and resolutions passed calling the attention of the President to the matter, and urging that it was the duty of the United States Government to decline to support paupers whose pauperism was the result of English mismanagement.

THE ST. LOUIS JUDGE FOUND

But the Mystery of His Disappearance Deepens.

ST. LOUIS, June 14.—Judge Chester H. Krum, who so mysteriously disappeared from St. Louis, and whose absence has been a puzzle to the public, has been found, but the cause of his disappearance has not yet been learned. G. H. Thiel's detective agency received a dispatch from C. F. Newcomb, a detective on a Central Pacific train coming east from San Francisco, stating that Judge Krum was on the train, with a ticket for Salt Lake City, where he would arrive to-day. Mr. Thiel immediately sent word to the wife of the missing man and here the mystery deepened. Mrs. Krum told Mr. Thiel she had taken the case out of the hands of her son two weeks ago. She was greatly annoyed at receiving the information, as obtained, and requested him to let the matter alone.

From the detective agency it was learned that they had taken the case immediately after Judge Krum's disappearance, traced him to Chicago, then to New York, whence he sailed for San Francisco via Panama where another detective took the trail, and now has him located in Salt Lake City. There is no knowing where he will go now, as the detectives, having been discharged from the case, will not follow Judge Krum. Thiel says he discovered, immediately after he took the case, that Krum was endeavoring to cover his tracks. It is not known why he should do so. Krum left a law practice of \$20,000 a year, and his family destitute. No reason for his disappearance can be found in his business affairs.

A Snip Lost.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., June 14.—The mail steamer Curlew has arrived from the west coast of Newfoundland. She failed to get any tidings of the ship signaled in distress of Point Rich on Monday last. From the Bay of Islands word also comes that the distressed ship has disappeared, and that her fate is unknown.

No Extra Session.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—President Arthur has replied to the memorial of the Federation of Labor requesting him to call an extra session of Congress. The President in his reply says that while he fully appreciates the importance of the question presented in the memorial, he feels that he can not, with a due regard to other interests, comply with the request.

A doctor at Richmond says that if people will take a bath in hot whisky and rock salt twice a year they will never catch a cold until somebody has tried this new remedy we would say—stick to the old and reliable Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

TO OUR FRIENDS.

There never was a bird or flower,
But what it had its mate,
We never knew a pleasant hour,
But that we had to wait.

The rain, mud, storm and flood,
Are things we clearly hate,
Especially when they interfere
With having our Moonlight Fete.

If living hope and constant prayer
Will help us in our plight,
We'll hope and pray for weather fair,
And have it Friday night.

RICHARD DAWSON, Managers.

CITY ITEMS.

Advertisements inserted under this heading for one line for each insertion.

TRY Langdon's City Butter Crackers.

NEW style Stockinet Jersey at Hunt & Doyle's. mar31dly

NEW style lace curtain poles, red Scotch shading, shade fixtures, &c., at

HUNT & DOYLE'S.

EXCURSIONISTS, get your accident insurance ticket before you leave. It costs but 25 cents a day for a \$3,000 ticket.

M. F. MARSH, Agent.

IT is mighty hard for him to pass that walnut and oak door without casting a "longing, lingering look," to see if it is closed, or occupied!

Uncle Wat. Sult's family of two hundred chickens are recovering from an attack of cholera. It is a long visit to see how the old gentleman manages his various broods.

"The sweetest girl east of Sundown" as she is popularly known, is again to be seen at the window of Bellaire Cottage. One of her many admirers, who has sought her often and found her not: "says she is like the Huma, Ayer's Sarsaparilla will dislodge it and expel it from your system.

LINEN and Mohair ulsters, large lot, also Jap parasols 15 cents each, at Hunt & Doyle's.

To Buyers of Clothing.

I take this method of informing my friends in Maysville and vicinity that I am now with C. R. Mabley & Co. The mammoth clothiers of Cincinnati. All orders for suits, goods &c., sent in my care will receive my personal attention. Goods will be sent on approval to responsible parties—otherwise C. O. D. Goods will be exchanged, if not satisfactory, or money refunded. Fine dress suits to hire for balls, weddings, &c.

N. B. MARSH,

With C. R. Mabley & Co., Cincinnati, O.

mar3d2m.

####

FOREIGN NEWS.

Our Stanley a Military Leader in Africa—An Explosion Kills 150 Persons.

LONDON, June 14.—From private sources it is learned that Lord Robert Montague, brother of the Duke of Manchester, who went over to the Catholic Church in 1870, has gone back to the Anglican Church. Errington, knowing Lord Robert's intention, instanced it to the Pope as a result of the priests conniving in the agrarian outrages, and told the Pope that he would lose many other prominent English converts if the church did not denounce the state of affairs in Ireland.

FRANCE.

PARIS, June 14.—Si Shmam, the Marabout who has given so much trouble to the French officials and French troops in Algeria, has given notice to the Government of his complete submission.

IRELAND.

CARLISBARD, IRELAND, June 14.—The prisoners charged with complicity in the murder conspiracy in County Mayo have been committed for trial.

SWITZERLAND.

PARIS, June 14.—The village of Valloires, in the Department of Savoy, burned. The inhabitants barely escaped with their lives. All the live stock, including 100 head of oxen, perished.

FOREIGN NOTES.

Three stories of the barracks at Kalanga, Russia, have fallen, killing ten persons and injuring many.

It is reported from the Congo river that Stanley has arrived at Brazzaville with 1,000 men. De Brazza has 200 men, and is making little progress.

There was an explosion of the magazine at Scutari to-day, caused by lightning. One hundred and fifty persons were killed and fifty-three wounded. Two hundred barrels of gunpowder were destroyed.

SUED FOR LIBEL.

James Gordon Bennett, Proprietor of the Herald, by N. L. Munro, the Publisher of Papers and Periodicals.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Mr. Norman L. Munro, the publisher of weekly, story papers and periodicals, has begun a suit in the Supreme Court against James Gordon Bennett, proprietor of the New York Herald, to recover 100,000 damages for an alleged series of libels published in the defendant's paper. Mr. Munro, in his complaint, says he is a married man and father of two children, and that for the past two years has resided in the city of Brooklyn. Until recently he says he lived happily with his wife and children. He moved in good society in Brooklyn and there was not the slightest stain upon his reputation. Now all that is changed. Some time in April he published a notice in one of the Brooklyn papers to the effect that he would not be responsible for any bills contracted in his name he had not authorized. On the last day of April and afterwards he was very much astonished on picking up the Herald to read in its personal column notices addressed to him and signed "Sadie," which served to raise a presumption of some illicit relations on his part with the individual represented by the signature. The result of the persecution was to break up his own family relations, and ruin his reputation.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CINCINNATI, June 14.—Hogs quiet; receipts, 314 head; shipments, 764; range of prices, \$5 85@7 45; packers, \$6 65@6 90. Whisky, firm at \$1 18 per gallon; cotton quiet at 10 1/2¢ for middling. Provision market quiet and steady; mess pork steady at \$19@19 25; kettle lard, 11.50@11.75¢; p. s. lard, 11.25¢ asked; clear rib sides, 9.50@9.55¢; loose; clear bulk, 10@10.05¢; bacon: shoulders, 8@8 1/2¢; clear bacon, 10.80@10.85¢; packed lots, 25¢ additional; sugar-cured ham, easy at 13@13 1/2¢; sugar-cured shoulders, 12 1/2¢; and breakfast bacon, 13¢. Grain market: Corn; rejected, spot, track, \$1 14¢; No. 2 red, July, track, \$1 15¢; No. 2 red, spot, track, \$1 16¢. Flour: family, \$5 30. Oats: mixed sample, spot, track, 44¢.

CINCINNATI, June 14.—Leaf Tobacco—Common medium to good and fine leaf was in active request at full quotations. Common to inferior grades also showed a good demand and sold for very good prices especially those showing fair color and character. The offerings of old remain small although the quality was better and sold at full quotations. The following prices were paid: Inferior trash sold at \$4 50@6 05; Common trash sold at \$6 20@7 50; Common lugs sold at \$8 10@10. Mediums at \$10 50@15. Good and fine leaf sold at \$15 25@18; Fine cuttings and fillers sold at \$18 75@23 75.

CHICAGO, June 14.—Flour dull and unchanged. Regular wheat opened dull and lower at \$1 10¢; June \$1 11@1 11 1/2; July \$1 13@1 13 1/2; August \$1 14@1 14 1/2; September, \$1 15 1/2; October, 1 10 1/2; the year; No. 2 Chicago spring, \$1 10; No. 3 do, 93¢; No. 2 red, \$1 12 1/2. Corn active and lower at 53¢; cash and June, 66@6 56¢; July, 56@56 1/2¢; August, 57@57 1/2¢; September, 50¢; the year. Oats in fair demand; cash firm; options easier; 30 1/2@39 1/2¢; cash, June and July, 32 1/2@32 1/2¢; August, 30 1/2¢; September, 30 1/2¢; the year. Rye quiet at 61¢.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, June 14.—Hogs—The market today was easier, with fair to good light at \$6 35@6 70; choice heavy, \$6 65@6 90.

Cattle—Market brisk and more active and firmer; all sold. Exports, \$5 90@6 15¢; good to choice shipping, \$5 60@5 80¢; common to medium, \$5@5 50¢; cows and mixed slow and steady at \$2 50@5¢; stockers and feeders, \$3@4 90¢.

Sheep—Common to good, \$2 75@4 25¢; choice to extra, \$4 50@5.

EAST LIBERTY, June 14.—Cattle: receipts 1,425 head; market slow; best cattle, \$5@6 25¢; fair to good, \$5 25@5 75¢; common, \$4 50@5.

Hogs: receipts, 920 head; market slow; Philadelphia, \$7 10@7 20¢; Yorkers, \$6 90@7 10¢.

EGNEW & ALLEN,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

STOVES, GRATES, MANTELS, COPPER,

—TINWARE, HOLLOW, WOOD and STONEWARE.—

West Corner of Market and Third Streets, Maysville, Ky.

OMAHA,

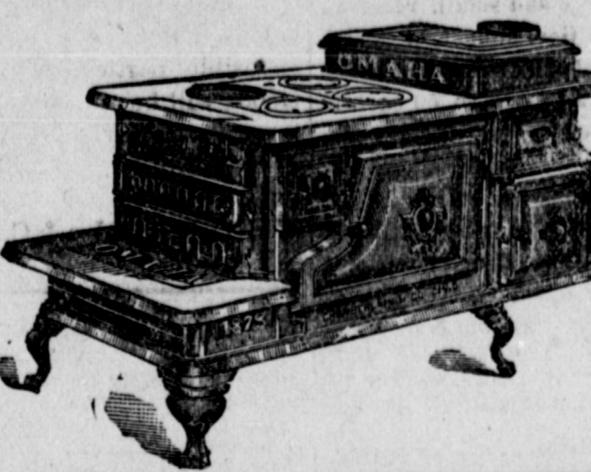
LEADER,

SPLENDOR,

CHARTER,

ARCADE.

SLATE and IRON
GRATES and MAN-
TELS of all kinds.



Bird Cages,
Brass Kettles
Wooden and
Willow Ware.

Granite Iron
Ware of all Va-
rieties,

TIN ROOF-
ING, GUTTER-
ING and SPOU-
TING of all kinds.

CRAWFORD HOUSE.

Cor. Sixth and Walnut Sts.

CINCINNATI, O.

LEWIS VANDEN, Proprietor.

THE PLACE TO GET CHEAP

BED-ROOM SUITS

—IS AT—

GEORGE ORT, Jr.'s,

mech3dly Sutton Street.

A. R. GLASCOCK & CO.,

—Is the best place to get bargains in—

DRY GOODS.

Established 1865.

EQUITY GROCERY.

G. W. GEISEL,

No. 9, W. Second St., Opp. Opera House.

Fruits and Vegetables in season. Your patron-
age respectfully solicited.

BLONDINE

absolutely harmless! Stim-
ulates hair growth and hair's
growth to Freeman, Perfumer,
in Fr. 154 W. 4th St., Cin., 75¢.
a bottle; 4, express paid, \$4.



LYON & HEALY
State & Monroe Sts., Chicago.

Will send present to any address their
BAND CATALOGUE
for 1865, 200 pieces, including
MUSIC, INSTRUMENTS, Suits, Caps, Belts,
Pompons, Espaniels, Cap-Lamps,
Stand, Drum Major, Staff, and
Accessories. Also includes Instruction and Ex-
ercises for Amateur Bands, and Catalogue
of Choice Band Music.

febd2d&wly

HERMANN LANCE

JEWELRY WATCHES

ALL Goods and Work WARRANTED.

Number 43, Second street, three doors below
Market street, Maysville, Ky.

A Specie for all Diseases of the

KIDNEYS.

GRAY LIVER.

CRADLE URINARY ORGANS

BLADDER.

GRAVELINA.

PILLS, 36 Doses, \$1.00

J. T. LEE, Lebanon Pike, Cincinnati, O.

Sent by mail postpaid on receipt of price.

SIMMONS'

MEDICATED WELL-WATER.

A Specific for Dyspepsia and Dis-
eases of the Kidneys.

HAS been used with most gratifying suc-
cess in many obstinate cases. Prof. F.
W. Clark, professor of Chemistry at the Uni-
versity of Cincinnati says this water "belongs
to the same class with that of the Alleghany
Springs, of Virginia," the medicinal virtues
of which are too well known to be stated here.
Those who desire to try this famous water
are referred to Captain W. B. Boyd, Lebanon
Ohio; Capt. C. M. Holloway, Cincinnati,
Ohio; J. T. Ralp, Cincinnati, Ohio. For sale
in half barrels and jugs by GUS. SIMMONS, Proprietor,
Aberdeen, Ohio.

mech3d&wly

THE

WEBER PIANO.

For power, purity of tone, brilliancy of touch
and finish, and durability it has no equal.
The most eminent pianists pronounce it

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

L. F. METZGER.

MANAGER, Branch office, Maysville, Ky.

—Also, The Matchless—

BURDETT ORGAN.

A full supply of pianos and organs constant-
ly on hand. Correspondents promptly an-
swered. Payments easy.

sep2d&wly

SPECIAL NOTICE.

FOR THIRTY DAYS

We shall offer the greatest BARGAINS ever tendered to a people, in
the following line of goods:

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES

PHAETONS, CHAMPION REAPERS and MOWERS,

BINDERS FARM WAGONS, CORN
and TOBACCO CULTI-
VATORS, REVOLVING
HAY RAKES, Etc.

BUCKIES SULKIES
—CALL AND SEE, BE CONVINCED and SAVE MONEY.

MYALL, RILEY & PORTER,

PHISTER!

Does not claim to undersell every other merchant in the city,
but he does claim to give entire

SATISFACTION

To those who favor him with a call. Take his stock

Through and Through

And you can do as well as at any other place. Notice these
prices and then call and

LOOK AT THE GOODS.

4 Ball Croquet, Set in Box	-	-	\$1 00
6 Ball Croquet, Set in Box	-	-	\$1 25
8 Ball Croquet, Set in Box	-	-	\$1 50

AND MUCH FINEER.

Good Cotton 300 Pound Hammock	-	-	\$1 00
Good Cotton 500 Pound Hammock	-	-	\$1 25
Mexican Grass 1,000 lb. Hammock	-	-	\$2 50

BALLS, BATS

And All OUT-DOOR GAMES.

SEND FOR PRICES.

FRANK R. PHISTER,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

THE BEST PLACE

TO BUY—

STOVES, GRATES, MANTELS, TINWARE, ETC.

IS AT—

Blatterman & Power's.

OUR SPECIALTIES.

Latest and most improved styles of Cooking and Heating Stoves, made at Wheeling, W. Va., of hot black charcoal iron, guaranteed not to have a single ounce of scrap in them. These stoves, of course, are the longest.